# THE POUND ACT

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<sup>[</sup>The inclusion of this page is authorized by LN 87/2004]

## THE POUND ACT

1. This Act may be cited as the Pound Act.

2. All references in this Act to Parish Councils shall, in the cases of the parishes of Kingston and St. Andrew be deemed to refer to and to mean the Council of the Kingston and St. Andrew Corporation appointed and constituted under the Kingston and St. Andrew Corporation Act.

3. In this Act---

- "animal" means any horse, mare, gelding, foal, colt, filly, mule, ass, bull, ox, cow, steer, heifer, calf, sheep, lamb, goat, kid, hog, pig;
- "distrainor" means the owner of any land trespassed on or any servant or other person seizing or detaining with the owner's authority any animal trespassing on land,
- "owner of animal" means the owner in possession or person in charge of any animal trespassing on land,
- "owner of land" means the owner, lessee, occupier, of land trespassed on and their respective servants or agents in charge of such land,
- "pound" means any public pound established under this Act;
- "prohibited area" or "restricted area" means an area 16/2003 specified as such in an order made under section 3(1) <sup>S. 2.</sup> (a) or (b), as the case may be, of the Keeping of Animals Act.

## Pounds and Pound Keepers

4.—(1) All pounds already in existence shall be vested in and shall be under the control of the Parish Council of the parish in which the same are situated. It shall be lawful for a Parish Council to erect additional pounds on convenient

[31st May, 1897.]

Short title Interpretation

Cap. 302.

Acts 27 of 1979, 33 of 1988, 40 of 1995

S. 3, 16 of 2005.

Interpretation

<sup>[</sup>The inclusion of this page is authorized by L N 87/2004]

sites when necessary and to close existing pounds or remove them to any other place in the parish where the Council shall consider a pound is more required.

16/2003 S. 3(b).

- (2) A Parish Council may-
- (a) from time to time make arrangements or contracts with companies registered under the Companies Act or with other persons to establish, maintain or operate a pound under this Act; and
- (b) grant a licence to a company registered under the Companies Act or any other persons to operate a pound under this Act.

(3) Every licence granted by a Parish Council under this section may be granted on such terms and subject to such conditions as the Parish Council may specify in the licence.

Expenses of pounds and pound fees. 16/2003 S. 4 (a)(b). 5. The cost of the erection and maintenance of a pound operated by a Parish Council shall be a charge upon that parish and all pound fees and moneys received by the pound keeper as such shall be paid to the Secretary of the Parish Council.

Pound keeper, his appointment and removal. 16/2003 S. 5. 6. In every pound operated by a Parish Council, that Parish Council shall reside in the immediate neighbourhood of the pound and who shall be paid such remuneration either by salary or by fees as the Parish Council shall determine. The pound keeper shall be an officer of the Parish Council and liable to be dismissed by the Council without notice at any time.

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In the event of the death or dismissal of the pound keeper to prevent inconvenience arising until an appointment is made by the Council, the chairman may make such temporary arrangement for the performance of the duties as he may think necessary.

7. The Parish Council may, from time to time, frame rules point and prepare forms, and also from time to time cancel, alter and amend the same—

Power to make rules.

- (a) for the proper inspection of pounds by the Superintendent of Parochial Roads and Works;
- (b) for the supervision of the pound keeper as to his duties and his accounts by the Secretary of the Parish Council;
- (c) for the guidance of the pound keeper in the performance of his duties;
- (d) generally to give full force and effect to the provisions of this Act.

The Parish Council may, on framing such rules attach penalties for the breach thereof providing the penalty shall in no case exceed twenty-five thousand dollars.

40/1995 S 3. 16/2003 S 6. 40/1995 S. 3.

The provisions of section 124 of the Parish Councils Act shall apply in relation to rules under this Act.

### Seizure and Impounding of Animals

8.—(1) The owner of land may seize any animal trespassing thereon, and may impound the same. The distrainor shall with all reasonable despatch and in all cases within a period of forty-eight hours convey the same to the nearest pound,

Power to impound animal trespassing. Duties of distrainor.

<sup>[</sup>The inclusion of this page is authorized by L N. 87/2004]

<sup>33/1998</sup>
<sup>33/</sup>

<sup>33/1988</sup> S. 2(b). Provided that when a Sunday or a public holiday intervenes between the time of the seizure of an animal and its removal to the pound it shall not be taken into account in calculating the hours aforesaid.

 16/2003 S. 7(b).
 (2) Subject to subsection (3), all expenses and charges payable for the transportation or conveyance of animals to a pound under subsection (1) shall be payable by the owner of the animal, or by the Parish Council where the owner of the animal cannot be ascertained, and may be sued for and recovered before a Resident Magistrate.

16 2003 S 7(b)

- (3) The Parish Council may—
- (a) appoint authorized officers to seize and impound any animal found in a public thoroughfare;
- (b) enter into arrangements with a company registered under the Companies Act or with other persons to seize and impound animals found in a public thoroughfare before or after the regular working hours of the authorized officers,

and the provisions of subsection (1) shall apply as far as is practicable, in relation to a seizure and impounding under this subsection.

<sup>[</sup>The inclusion of this page is authorized by L N 87/2004]

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9.—(1) The distrainor may claim—

Distrainor may claim seizure fees.

- (a) from the owner of any animal seized which has not been yet removed to a pound;
- (b) from the Secretary of the Parish Council where any 27/1979 animal has been handed over to a pound keeper, S. 4(a).

a seizure fee in accordance with the Table set forth in the First First Schedule.

(2) The seizure fees payable under the First Schedule may be claimed from the owners and secretaries referred to in subsection (1) by any person authorized under the Main Roads Act to impound or destroy any animal straying or trespassing on any main road, or tethered on a main road for grazing.

Seizure fees. 27/1979 S. 4(b).

(3) Where an animal has been seized under the Keeping <sup>33/1988</sup> of Animals Act, the seizure fee payable under the First Schedule to this Act may be claimed from the owner of such animal by the Secretary referred to in subsection (1) of this section and—

[The inclusion of this page is authorized by L.N. 87/2004]

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- (a) a person appointed as an authorized officer under section 9 of the Keeping of Animals Act may claim that seizure fee from such Secretary; or
- (b) a constable may recover from such Secretary any expenses actually incurred by him in effecting a seizure pursuant to section 10 of that Act:

Provided that no claim shall be made pursuant to paragraph (a) by any person who is an employee of the Parish Council acting in the performance of his duties.

Duties of the pound keeper and of the person taking animal to the pound.

10. Before any pound keeper shall receive any animal into the pound, he shall require the party bringing the same to state his name, and place of abode, and the name and place of abode of the person who sent the animal, and the name of the place, and the day, and the time of the day, where and when the same was found, all of which he shall enter in a book to be kept by him for that purpose; and any person who shall wilfully make any false statement or give any false answers to any questions put to him to elicit the above information shall be guilty of an offence under this Act. And in such book the pound keeper shall also enter the date and the hour of the day when the animal is received, the colour, mark (if any) and description, and the amount paid as seizure fee to the party bringing the same; and such book shall be open to the inspection of the public, and may be examined any day from ten a.m. to four p.m. (Sunday excepted) without payment of any fee, and any pound keeper who shall be guilty of any neglect or refusal in making the

<sup>[</sup>The inclusion of this page is authorized by L.N. 87/2004]

necessary entries or showing the book when required to do so, or who shall wilfully make any false or incorrect entries in such book shall be guilty of an offence under this Act.

11. When any animal is impounded the pound keeper if Pound he knows the owner shall, if the owner fail to claim the serve notice animal within six hours, serve notice in writing on him by leaving the same at his usual place of abode. If a pound animal keeper who has sufficient information to enable him to serve such notice omits to do so he shall be guilty of an offence under this Act. A pound keeper who gives the notice required under this section shall be entitled to receive in respect thereof the sum in that behalf specified in the Second Second Schedule. Schedule.

12.-(1) Before delivering any animal to the owner the Payments to pound keeper shall demand and receive the sums set forth be made to in the Second Schedule.

(2) Any pound keeper who shall demand or receive impounded. any greater amounts than is provided by or pursuant to this Act for poundage of animals shall be guilty of an offence under this Act.

(3) The Minister may, from time to time, by order, 33/1988 s. 4. increase or reduce the seizure fees and pound fees set out First Schedule. in the First and Second Schedules respectively. Second

(4) An order made under subsection (3) shall be subject to negative resolution.

13. The pound keeper shall keep all entire horses, mules Animals and asses, and all bulls and rams separate from each other to be kept separate. and from other animals.

14. The pound keeper shall ensure that every animal in Animals to the pound is supplied with food and water and shall keep with food a record of the amount supplied.

be supplied and water. 27/1979 S. 6.

Schedule.

[The inclusion of this page is authorized by L.N. 17/1989]

pound keeper by the owner of the animal 27/1979 S. 5(a). 27/1979 S. 5(d).

keeper to on the owner of impounded,

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Parish Council to make contracts for supply of food and water. 15. The Parish Council shall make all necessary contracts for the supply of food and water for impounded animals, and the amount so expended shall be paid out of the General Fund. If from any cause food or water shall not have been duly supplied under the contract aforesaid, it shall be the duty of the pound keeper to make the best arrangements he can for forthwith supplying food and water to impounded stock and he shall be entitled to debit any expense so incurred in his account:

Provided that he shall immediately give notice to the Secretary of the Parish Council of the fact that food and water have not been supplied and that he has been compelled to make special arrangements for supplying the same.

Returns of 16. Every pound keeper shall, on the first day of every pound keepers, month, make out a return of the kind and number of animals received into the pound, of the sums of money paid as seizure fees to the parties bringing them to the same, and of the quantity of fodder and water received for their use during the month last past, according to the Form in Third Schedule. the Third Schedule or to such other form as may be approved by the Minister; and also a return of the number of animals claimed and delivered up, and of the sums of money received to recoup amounts paid to distrainors and for the poundage, feed, and advertising thereof, and for animals sold; and of all moneys paid to the Secretary of the Parish Council during Fourth the month last past, according to the Form in the Fourth Schedule. Schedule or to such other form as may be approved by the Minister: such returns shall be sent to the Secretary of the Parish Council on or before the seventh day of the month: and every person who shall wilfully make any false or incorrect return, or shall neglect or omit to make any return hereby required shall be guilty of an offence under this Act.

17. The keeper of every pound shall within such period as may be determined by the Council pay to the Secretary of the Parish Council to the credit of the General Fund the balance of all such sums of money as he shall have received during the previous month for the poundage, feed and advertising of animals, and for the sale of all such as remain unclaimed and have been sold in consequence, and in default of such payment the pound keeper shall be guilty of an offence under this Act.

18. There shall be attached to every pound an enclosure in which the pound keeper may receive and confine any animal suffering or suspected to be suffering from any infectious disease, and should any animal become affected with any infectious disease after having been received in the pound, it shall be removed forthwith to the enclosure aforesaid. Immediately on the receipt into or the removal to the enclosure aforesaid of any animal the pound keeper shall apply to a veterinary officer or such other person as may be designated by the Council for the purpose, who on being satisfied that the animal in question is suffering from an infectious disease and that it ought in the public interest to be destroyed, shall, by an order in writing under his hand to be retained by the pound keeper, authorize and direct the pound keeper to destroy the same and to burn the carcass and for such purpose the pound keeper is authorized to incur the necessary expense and charge the same in his account:

Provided that if the owner of the diseased stock so destroyed can be ascertained he shall be liable to the Parish Council for double the actual cost incurred in destroying and burning the same.

19. The Parish Council may appoint a veterinary officer or other person for the purposes of carrying out the examination and granting the certificates referred to in section 20.

Appointment of examining officer.

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Secretary. 27/1979 S. 7(a) & (b).

Provisions as to diseased animals.

27/1979 S. 8. Disposal of 19A. The Parish Council may—

- (a) dispose of any animal in a pound where—
  - (i) the owner of the animal has failed to claim it;
  - (ii) the Council is unable to find a purchaser in accordance with its procedures for sale and its established reserve price or conditions;
  - (iii) the animal is unfit, under section 20, for further use;
- (b) where the meat of the animal is fit for human consumption, sell or donate the carcass of the animal to an institution approved by the Council;
- (c) where the meat of the animal is unfit for human consumption, dispose of the animal's carcass.

20.—(1) Where any animal, which in the opinion of the pound keeper is unfit whether from age, disease, starvation, debility, or other cause, for further use, is brought to the pound keeper for the purposes of being impounded, the pound keeper shall inform the officer or other person appointed for such purpose in accordance with the provisions of section 19 of such fact. Such officer or person shall thereupon examine such animal and if he is of the opinion that such animal is unfit whether from age, disease, starvation, debility, or other cause, for further use, he shall give a certificate to that effect to the pound keeper and a copy to the Secretary of the Parish Council, and thereupon it shall be lawful for the pound keeper to destroy such animal and report such destruction to the Secretary of the Council.

(2) The owner of any animal destroyed under the provisions of subsection (1) shall not be entitled to compensation for such destruction and shall be liable to the Parish Council for the costs of such destruction and of the disposal of the carcass.

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animals. 16/2003

S. 8.

Power to destroy unfit animals.

# Sale of Impounded Stock

21.—(1) Notwithstanding section 22, the Parish Council shall cause a notice to be posted in accordance with subsection (2), containing a list of all animals currently being held at the pound.

of list of impounded animals. 16/2003 S. 9.

Publication

- (2) The notice shall be posted at---
- (a) the Parish Council's office;
- (b) the pound;
- (c) the nearest post office or postal agency to the place where the animal was seized; and
- (d) any other location approved for the purpose by the Parish Council.

(3) Notwithstanding subsection (1), the Parish Council may select any other means of advertising which ensures wide dissemination to the public of information regarding animals in the pound.

- (4) Any notice required under subsection (1) shall-
- (a) be posted within three days of the animal being brought to the pound; and
- (b) prohibit the disposal of that animal within four days of the first appearance of the notice.

22.—(1) The pound keeper shall, with the consent of the Secretary of the Parish Council, cause any animal remaining in the pound which has been duly advertised under section 21 or, in the case where the advertisement is not required, which has been in the pound for seven days, to be put up for sale by public auction or tender, and he shall sell and deliver the same to the best bidder for ready money, on receiving the amount of such bidding, and if such amount be not forthwith paid he may put up the animal again for sale.

Sale of animals in

the pound. 16/2003 S. 9.

(2) Public notice of every sale under this section shall be given in such manner as shall be prescribed by the rules and if there be no rules then in such manner as the Secretary of the Parish Council shall direct.

(3) The proceeds of any such sale shall be paid to the Secretary of the Parish Council to the credit of the General Fund.

(4) It shall not be lawful for any pound keeper, member of the Parish Council or member of staff of the Parish Council, contractor or an authorized officer licensed under this Act, to purchase any animal sold as aforesaid, and if any such person is directly or indirectly interested in any such purchase he shall be guilty of an offence under this Act.

23. After the sale of an animal under this Act, the title of the purchaser shall not be affected in anywise by an illegality or irregularity at or prior to the sale, and the pound keeper shall give the purchaser a certificate in writing signed by him containing a description of the animal and certifying that it was sold under the authority of this Act.

24. At any time after the pounding of an animal and before sale the owner shall be entitled to its restoration on payment or tender of all fees and expenses. Such fees and expenses shall be settled by a Justice on the application of either party if the parties differ about the same, and the award of the Justice shall be absolutely conclusive and binding. And in case the animal has not yet been sent to the pound the owner shall be entitled to its restoration on payment or tender of the seizure fee as set forth in the First Schedule.

25. If the owner of any animal which shall be sold under section 22 shall within one month of such sale prove to the satisfaction of the Parish Council that the animal so sold was his property he shall be entitled to receive the net proceeds of such sale after deducting the poundage and all other proper and necessary expenses.

Title obtained on such sale

Conditions on which owner entitled to have impounded animal restored.

First Schedule.

Owner of animal sold entitled to net proceeds in certain events.

26. If the amount realized by the sale of any animal is not sufficient to cover the poundage and all other necessary and proper expenses incurred, it shall be lawful for the Parish Council to sue the owner of such animal in the Resident Magistrate's Court for the amount remaining due.

27.—(1) Any owner of land may kill any sheep, goat, kid, hog, pig, fowl, turkey, guinea-fowl, pea-fowl, duck or other poultry trespassing on such land:

Provided that on killing such animal the owner of the land shall immediately give notice thereof to the owner of the animal, if known.

(2) If any such animal is killed when trespassing the owner may have the carcass thereof, and shall remove the same within six hours.

(3) If the carcass is not removed the owner of the land shall bury or otherwise destroy the same under a penalty of not exceeding fifty dollars.

(4) And it is hereby declared that the word "animal" whenever used in this section shall apply to and mean all or any of the animals mentioned in the first subsection hereto, or any fowl, turkey, guinea-fowl, pea-fowl, duck or other poultry as mentioned in subsection (1).

27A. It shall be lawful for any authorized officer to kill any animal which is found to be difficult to subdue and poses a danger to any person, being an animal which—

- (a) is mentioned in any of the Schedules but not mentioned in section 27;
- (b) has strayed on to private premises; or
- (c) is found in a prohibited or restricted area or other public place or thorough fare:

If proceeds of sale insufficient to pay expenses owner liable to pay balance. 27/1979 S. 9. Sheep, goats, kids. hogs, pigs and poultry trespassing may be killed.

27/1979 S. 10.

Grounds for killing animals. 16/2003 S. 10.

<sup>[</sup>The inclusion of this page is authorized by L.N. 87/2004]

Provided that, on killing such animal, the authorized officer shall-

- (a) give notice thereof to the owner of the animal, if known; and
- (b) within seventy-two hours, make a report to the Local Authority.

28. Any person who drives, leads, or entices any animal into any land or place with intent to impound such animal or to procure the same to be impounded shall be guilty of an offence under this Act.

Duties and liabilities of distrainors. Liability of Parish Council for death of animals in certain events.

Enticing

animal to

trespass to be im-

pounded an

offence.

29. Every distrainor shall furnish sufficient and suitable food and water for every animal during its detention, and if any animal detained or impounded under this Act dies or sustains damage for want of sufficient or suitable food or water, or for want of care or good treatment by the distrainor or pound keeper, such distrainor or the Parish Council employing such pound keeper shall be liable for the value of the animal or for the value of the damage sustained thereby:

Provided that such distrainor or pound keeper shall not be liable for the death or injury of such animal unless it is proved that such animal died or was injured by or through his wilful act or neglect.

**30.** If any distrainor or pound keeper on or after seizure of any animal and before the redemption or sale thereof violently strikes or otherwise ill uses or injures such animal, or rides, drives, or otherwise makes use of it he shall be guilty of an offence under this Act.

**31.** If any distrainor has reason to believe that any animal has glanders or any other contagious or infectious disease rendering it dangerous and improper to drive it along the roads to a pound, it shall be lawful for him to apply to a Justice, who after carefully satisfying himself through the evidence of some

Offences by distrainors and pound keepers.

How distrainor may deal with diseased animals.

[The inclusion of this page is authorized by L.N. 87/2004]

competent person who has examined such animal that it has such disease as aforesaid may direct by order in writing under his hand that such animal shall be killed and immediately burnt, and such order shall be sufficient authority for the distrainor to kill such animal and to burn the carcass. The owner of such animal shall be liable to the distrainor for all expenses incurred under this section.

**32.** Every person who rescues or attempts to rescue any animal lawfully seized by or remaining in custody of any distrainor or pound keeper shall be guilty of an offence under this Act. It shall be lawful for the Justices out of the fine which may be imposed where any animal has been illegally rescued to award such portion to the distrainor or pound keeper as may be sufficient compensation for the seizure fees or poundage fees and expenses respectively.

**33.** In all cases in which persons shall by virtue of this Act seize any description of stock mentioned therein and instead of sending the whole of such stock in one lot to the pound shall detain the same and send them singly or one by one, or in portions, thereby unnecessarily increasing the expense to the owner of such stock, every person so acting shall be guilty of an offence under this Act.

**34.** If any person shall be convicted of an offence against this Act or of having violated or of having failed to obey any of its provisions for which no penalty has been specially provided he shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding one hundred thousand dollars.

**35.** Subject to section 37, all penalties imposed under the authority of this Act shall be recovered and enforced in a summary manner in the parish where the offence shall be committed and, if such penalty be not forthwith paid, the court may award imprisonment with or without hard labour for a period not exceeding six months.

Offence to rescue or attempt to rescue seized or impounded animals.

Offence to send animals in such a way as to unnecessanly increase expense.

Penalties.

16/2003 S. 11.

Recovery of penalties. 16/2003 S. 12.

27/1979 S. 12.

## General

Regulations. **36.**—(1) A council may from time to time make regulations s. 13. relating to—

- (a) the establishment of pounds;
- (b) the management and regulation of pounds under this Act;
- (c) amendment of fees;
- (d) the disposal of unclaimed, impounded animals;
- (e) the valuation of animals to be auctioned or tendered;
- (f) the appointment of authorized officers;
- (g) the making of contracts with and the issue of licences to, companies or other persons; and
- (h) any other matter required under the Act to be prescribed.

(2) Regulations made under this section shall be published in the Gazette.

# Special Powers of Enforcement and Administration

**37.**—(1) This section applies to any offence referred to in section 30, 32 and 33.

(2) Where an authorized officer finds a person on any occasion and has reason to believe that on that occasion that person is committing or has committed an offence to which this section applies, he may serve that person with the prescribed notice in writing offering the discharge of any liability to conviction of that offence by payment of a fixed penalty under this section.

(3) Where a person is served with a notice under subsection (2)—

Punishment for offence under sections 30. 32 and 33. 16/2003 S. 13.

<sup>[</sup>The inclusion of this page is authorized by L.N. 87/2004]

- (a) that person shall not be liable to be convicted of that offence if the fixed penalty is paid in accordance with this section before the expiration of twenty-one days following the date of the notice or such longer period as may be specified therein or before the date on which proceedings are begun, whichever is later;
- (b) proceedings shall not be taken against him for that offence by any authorized officer until the end of the twenty-one days following the date of the notice or such longer period (if any) as may have been specified therein.

**38.**—(1) Payment of a fixed penalty under section 37 shall be made to the Parish Council or to such body, on behalf of the Parish Council, as the Minister may, by order, designate and that Parish Council may retain the amount paid as part of its funds.

Fixed penalties. 16/2003 S. 13.

(2) In any proceedings, a certificate that payment of a fixed penalty was or was not made to the Parish Council or to a body designated under subsection (1) by a date specified in the certificate shall, if the certificate purports to be signed by the proper officer of the Parish Council, or of that body, be sufficient evidence of the facts stated, unless the contrary is proved.

- (3) A notice under section 37 (2) shall—
- (a) specify the offence alleged;
- (b) give such particulars of the offence as are necessary for giving reasonable information of the allegation; and
- (c) state—

<sup>[</sup>The inclusion of this page is authorized by LN 87/2004]

- (i) the period during which, by virtue of subsection (3), proceedings will not be instituted against any person for the offence; and
- (ii) the amount of the fixed penalty.

(4) In any proceedings for an offence to which section 37 or this section applies, no reference shall be made after the conviction of the accused to the giving of any notice under this section or to the payment or non-payment of a fixed penalty thereunder unless, in the course of the proceedings or in some document which is before the Court in connection with the proceedings, reference has been made by or on behalf of the accused to the giving of such notice or, as the case may be, to such payment or non-payment.

(5) The Minister may by order prescribe any matter incidental to the operation of this section, and in particular such order may prescribe—

- (a) the fixed penalty for an offence to which section 37(1) applies; and
- (b) the form of notice under section 37 (2).

(6) In this section, "proceedings" means any criminal proceedings in respect of the act or omission constituting the offence specified in the notice under section 37 (2); and "convicted" shall be construed in like manner.

### FIRST SCHEDULE

(Section 10) 16 2003 S. 14.

#### Seizure Fees to be paid to the Distrainor

		cure Fees num Rates
1. (a) For every mare, gelding, foal, colt, cow, ox, steer, heifer or calf if seized singly	 	\$300
(b) For every animal as above if two or three are seized at the same time or brought in together	 	\$250
2. For every bull, entire horse, mule or ass, double the rate aforesaid.		
3. For every sheep. lamb. goat. kid. hog or pig	 	<b>\$25</b> 0

When any animal is kept on any land during a Sunday or public holiday. the owner of such animal shall be charged double the above rates.

NOTE: The sums abovementioned shall respectively include all charges for the keep of an animal.

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16/2003 S. 14.	SECON	D SCHEDULE	(Sections 13 and 14)
5. 14.	Table of Pound Fees an Secretary of the Parish animal before he FOR SEIZURE FEES, the the Parish Council to	h Council by the is entitled to its a amount actually	owner of an delivery
	Pound		Maximum Rates
	1. For every cow, ox, bull, stee heifer, calf, entire horse, or ass	mule	\$4,000.00
	<ol> <li>For every mare, gelding, foa colt, mule or ass</li> </ol>	1,	
	3. For every sheep. lamb. goat, hog or pig		\$3,000.00
	Fodder Fees payable for each da are	y during which th impounded	he unmentioned animals
	For every horse, mare, gelding, or ass, bull, cow, ox, steer or he		\$250.00
	For every sheep, goat or pig		\$250.00
	NOTE: (a) There shall be no animals;	fodder fees char	geable for young/nursing
	(b) Other fees may be	charged by the C	Council
	(i) for the cos actually in		g or publication expenses

- (ii) for veterinary service expenses actually incurred; and
- (iii) for notice of impounding, when given to the owner.

ł						THIRD	SCHED	ULE				(5	Section 16)
	AR	leturn of t bringing	them to i	er of Stray it, and of t lay of	the quanti	l into the ity of Ani and the	Pound un mal Feed	der my ch and Wate day of	arge, of the received	he sum of m for their us 19	ioney paid to se, between t	Parties the	
Date when Re- ceived	Num- ber of Horses and Mares	Num- ber of Mules	Num- ber of Asses	Num- ber of Horned Stock	Num- ber of Sheep	Num- ber of Goats	Num- ber of Pigs	Pound- age Fees	Num- ber of bundles of Grass of 28 lb received Daily	Number of Pounds of Hay received Daily	Number of Pounds of Grain (General Stock) received	Number of Imperial Gallons of Water received Daily	From whom the Anima Feed and Water were Receive
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 <b>9</b> 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23													

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## THIRD SCHEDULE

17

#### THIRD SCHEDULE contd.

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Date when Re-	Num- ber of Horses and Mares	Num- ber of Mules	Num- ber of Asses	Num- ber of Horned Stock	Num- ber of Sheep	Num- ber of Goats	Num- ber of Pigs	Pound- age Fees	Num- ber of bundles of Grass of 28 lb received Daily	Number of Pounds of Hay received Daily	Number of Pounds of Grain (General Stock) received	Number of Imperial Gallons of Water received Daily	From whom the Animal Feed and Water were Received
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31													

A Return of the Number of Strays received into the Pound under my charge, of the sum of money paid to Parties bringing them to it, and of the quantity of Animal Feed and Water received for their use, between the day of and the day of 19....

I do hereby Certify that the foregoing is a correct return of the Strays received into the Pound under my charge, of the sums of money paid by me to parties bringing them to the same, and of the quantity of Animal Feed and Water received by me for their use daily during the month of 19....

POUND

A.B.

(Section 16)

18

Date when delivered 1 2 3 4 5 6 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	No. of Asses delivered No. of Horned Stock delivered No. of Sheep delivered No. of Goats delivered	No. of Pigs delivered Amount paid for seizure fees to persons bringing same to Pound	Amount received for Poundage	Amount received for Feed Amount received	for Advertising and for Notices Amount received	Total SKE SKE S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	Amount paid to the Parochial
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19							
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31		creby Certify that					